and the second second				T =
COLICITATION OFFER AND	SOLICITATION NO.	2. TYPE OF SOLICITATION	ON 3. DATE ISSUED	PAGE OF PAGES
SOLICITATION, OFFER, AND AWARD (Construction, Alteration, or Repair)	DTFASO-09-R-00111	Negotiated	8/7/2009	1 OF 44
IMPORTANT - The "offer" section on the	e reverse must be fully co	mpleted by offeror.		
4. CONTRACT NO.	5. REQUISITION/PURCHASE SO-09-02	And the Second Control of the Second Control	ROJECT NO.	
7. ISSUED BY DOT/FEDERAL AVAITION ADMINIS EASTERN SERVICE AREA ASO-52-ATL ACQUISITION GROUP 1701 COLUMBIA AVENUE ATTN: BERTHA RUSSELL, ASO-52 COLLEGE PARK, GA 30337	TRATION	ADDRESS OFFER TO SAME AS ITEM 7		
9. FOR INFORMATION A. NAME	TIIA DIIGGE!!	B. TELEPHONE NO	O. (Include area code) (NO	COLLECT CALLS)
CALL: BEF 10. THE GOVERNMENT REQUIRES PERFORM	RTHA RUSSELL		404-305-5724	
Furnish a technical proposal wit Opa Locka Airport Traffic Contro				
# * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				
 The Contractor shall begin performance within award,		ys and complete it within negotiable.	calenda	ar days after receiving
12A. THE CONTRACTOR MUST FURNISH ANY (If "YES," indicate within how many calenda YES X NO.	REQUIRED PERFORMANCE AI ar days after award in Item 12B.)	1	2B. CALENDAR DAYS	
13. ADDITIONAL SOLICITATION REQUIREMEN	TS:			2
Sealed offers in original and 5:00 pm. (hour) local time the offeror's name and address, the following the fo	August 28, 2009 (date):		ining offers shall be m	ified in Item 8 bv arked to show
B. An offer guarantee is, is n	ot required.			
 C. All offers are subject to the (1) w text or by reference. 	ork requirements, and (2) o	ther provisions and clau	ses incorporated in th	e solicitation in full

	9025-01-01-025# 00-0-		OFFER	(Mus	t be fully d	completed b	y oπeror)				
14. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OFFEROR (Include ZIP Code)			15. TELEPHONE NO. (Include area code)								
			16. REMITTANCE ADDRESS (Include only if different than Item 14)								
CODE	FAC	ILITY CODE				1					
	ees to perform the ment in writing we ceptance after the	within	calendar da	ays aft	er the date o	ffers are due.	(Offerors pro				
Ĩ											
AMOUNTS →	Materials \$			Lab	oor \$	 0	Т	otal \$			
18. The offeror agre	es to furnish any	required perfo	ormance ar	nd payı	ment bonds.						
	(The o	fferor acknowle				NT OF AMEN		ber and date	of each.)		
AMENDMENT NO											
			-	-							-
DATE									<u> </u>		
20A. NAME AND TI	TLE OF PERSO	N AUTHORIZE	D TO SIG	N (Typ	oe or print)	20B. SIGNATURE 20C. OFFER DATE			FER DATE		
			AWARI) (То	be compl	eted by Gov	vernment)				
21. ITEMS ACCEPT	ED:										
22. AMOUNT			2	3. AC	COUNTING	AND APPROP	RIATION DA	TΑ			
24. SUBMIT INVOICE	CES TO ADDRE	ss shown in	ITEM			25. RESERV	ED.				9
26. ADMINISTERED	ess otherwise so DBY	pecified)				27. PAYMENT WILL BE MADE BY					
		NTRACTING		// HORY							
28. NEGOTIA					•						ent.) Your offer d. This award
furnish and deliver all items or perform all work requirements identified on this form and any continuation sheets for the consideration stated in this contract. The rights and obligations of the parties to this contract shall be governed by (a) this contract award, (b) the solicitation, and (c) the clauses, representations, certifications, and specifications incorporated by reference in			consummates and your offe necessary.	s the contrac r, and (b) this	t, which con contract awa	sist of (a) the ard. No furthe	e Governn er contract	nent solicitation ual document is			
			31A. NAME	OF CONTRA	CTING OFFI	CER (Type or	print)				
SIGN (Type or print)				BERT	HA RUSS	ELL					
				1		010 100=		- 11155131			040 011155
30B. SIGNATURE				300	C. DATE	31B. UNITE	STATES OF	- AMERICA			31C. AWARD DATE
						BY				-	

PART I - SECTION B - SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND PRICES/COSTS

	REFERENCE NO	PAGE	OF
CONTINUATION SHEET	DTFASO-09-R-00088	3	44
NAME OF OFFEDOR OR CONTRACTOR			

NAME OF OFFEROR	OR.	CONTRACTOR
-----------------	-----	------------

ITEM NO.	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUN
				-	
	SCHEDULE OF BID ITEMS				
	Modification of Cab Glass Angle The Temporary Opa Locka Airport Traffic Control Tower Opa Locka, FL				
1	Furnish a technical proposal with pricing to design and install a frame with glass in accordance with the Statement of Work	1	Job	@	
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PART I - SECTION C SCOPE OF WORK

Modification of Cab Glass Angle The Temporary Opa Locka Airport Traffic Control Tower

Opa Locka, FL

(See Attachment 1)

PART I - SECTION D PACKAGING AND MARKING

THIS SECTION NOT USED

PART I - SECTION E INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

3.10.4-10 Inspection of Construction (July 2001)

- (a) 'Work' includes, but is not limited to, materials, workmanship, and manufacture and fabrication of components.
- (b) The Contractor shall maintain an adequate inspection system and perform such inspections as will ensure that the work performed under the contract conforms to contract requirements. The Contractor shall maintain complete inspection records and make them available to the Government. All work shall be conducted under the general direction of the Contracting Officer and is subject to Government inspection and test at all places and at all reasonable times before acceptance to ensure strict compliance with the terms of the contract.
- (c) Government inspections and tests are for the sole benefit of the Government and do not--
- (1) Relieve the Contractor of responsibility for providing adequate quality control measures;
- (2) Relieve the Contractor of responsibility for damage to or loss of the material before acceptance;
- (3) Constitute or imply acceptance; or
- (4) Affect the continuing rights of the Government after acceptance of the completed work under paragraph (i) below.
- (d) The presence or absence of a Government inspector does not relieve the Contractor from any contract requirement, nor is the inspector authorized to change any term or condition of the specification without the Contracting Officer's written authorization.
- (e) The Contractor shall promptly furnish, without additional charge, all facilities, labor, and material reasonably needed for performing such safe and convenient inspections and tests as may be required by the Contracting Officer. The Government may charge to the Contractor any additional cost of inspection or test when work is not ready at the time specified by the Contractor for inspection or test, or when prior rejection makes reinspection or retest necessary. The Government shall perform all inspections and tests in a manner that will not unnecessarily delay the work. Special, full size, and performance tests shall be performed as described in the contract.
- (f) The Contractor shall, without charge, replace or correct work found by the Government not to conform to contract requirements, unless the Government determines that it is in the public interest to accept the work with an appropriate adjustment in contract price. The Contractor shall promptly segregate and remove rejected material from the premises.
- (g) If the Contractor does not promptly replace or correct rejected work, the Government may:
- (1) by contract or otherwise, replace or correct the work and charge the cost to the Contractor or
- (2) terminate for default the Contractor's right to proceed.
- (h) If, before acceptance of the entire work, the Government decides to examine already completed work by removing it or tearing it out, the Contractor, on request, shall promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material. If the work is found to be defective or nonconforming in any material respect due to the fault of the Contractor or its subcontractors, the Contractor shall defray the expenses of the examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. However, if the work is found to meet contract requirements, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment for the additional services involved in the examination and reconstruction, including, if completion of the work was thereby delayed, an extension of time.

(i) Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Government shall accept, as promptly as practicable after completion and inspection, all work required by the contract or that portion of the work the Contracting Officer determines can be accepted separately. Acceptance shall be final and conclusive except for latent defects, fraud, gross mistakes amounting to fraud, or the Government's rights under any warranty or guarantee.

(End of clause)

PART I - SECTION F DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE

3.1-1 Clauses and Provisions Incorporated by reference (December 2005)

This screening information request (SIR) or contract, as applicable, incorporates by reference the provisions or clauses listed below with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make the full text available, or offerors and contractors may obtain the full text via Internet at: http://conwrite.faa.gov (on this web page, select "Search and View Clauses").

Differing Site Conditions (July 2004)
Site Investigation and Conditions Affecting the Work (July 2004)
Material and Workmanship (July 2004)
Permits and Responsibilities (July 2004)
Other Contracts (July 2004)
Protecting Existing Vegetation, Structures, Equipment, Utilities, and
Improvements (July 2004)
Property Protection (February 2009)
Operations and Storage Areas (July 2004)
Cleaning Up and Roadway Maintenance (July 2004)
Preventing Accidents (July 2004)
Availability and Use of Utility Services (July 2004)
Schedules for Construction Contracts (July 2004)
Specifications, Drawings, and Material Offers (February 2009)
Contractor's Daily Log (July 2004)
Special Precautions for Work at Operating Airport (July 2004)
Safety and Health (July 2004)
Government Delay of Work (April 1996)
Notice of Delay (November 1997)
Supervising the Contract Work (July 2004)

At all times while the Contractor (you) performs this contract, and until you complete the work and FAA accepts it, you must directly supervise the work or assign and have on the worksite a competent supervisor who the Contracting Officer (CO) is satisfied with and who has authority to act for you.

(End of clause)

3.2.2.3-71 Starting, Performing and Completing Work (July 2004)

The Contractor (you) must

- (a) begin work under this contract within 3 calendar days after the date you receive the notice to proceed,
- (b) perform the work diligently, and
- (c) complete the entire work ready for use not later than 30 calendar days after Notice to Proceed. The time allowed for completion must include final cleanup of the premises.

(End of clause)

PART I - SECTION G CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA

3.2.2.3-62 Preconstruction Conference (July 2004)

The successful offeror must attend a pre-construction conference at a site the Contracting Officer designates before starting the work.

(End of Clause)

3.10.1-19 Modification Cost Proposal - Price Breakdown (Construction) (April 1996)

- (a) The contractor, in connection with any proposal it makes for a contract modification, shall furnish a price breakdown, itemized as required by the Contracting Officer. The breakdown shall be in enough detail to permit an analysis of all material, labor, equipment, subcontract, and overhead costs, as well as profit, and shall cover all work involved in the modification, whether such work was deleted, added or changed. Any amount claimed for subcontracts shall be supported by similar price breakdowns from those subcontractors.
- (b) In addition, if the proposal includes a time extension, a justification thereof shall also be furnished. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this contract, it is mutually understood that the time extension for changes in the work will depend upon the extent, if any, by which the changes cause delay in the completion of the various elements of work. The contract completion dates will be extended only for those specific elements so delayed and the remaining contract completion dates for all other portions of the work will not be altered.
- (c) The proposal, together with the price breakdown and time extension justification, shall be furnished by the date specified by the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

3.10.1-23 Contracting Officer's Representative-Construction Contracts (July 2008)

- (a) The Contracting Officer may appoint other Government personnel to accomplish certain contract administration matters. While there shall be various titles and divisions of duties for these individuals, generically they are known as Contracting Officer's Technical Representatives (COTRs). The Contracting Officer will provide written notice of COTR appointment(s), setting forth the authorities and limitations, to the Contractor within 5 calendar days prior to the notice to proceed. COTR duties may include, but are not limited to:
- (1) Perform as the authorized representative of the Contracting Officer for technical matters, including interpretation of specifications and drawings, and inspection and review of work performed.
- (2) Perform as the authorized representative of the Contracting Officer for administrative matters, including reviewing payments, and updated delivery schedules.
- (b) These representatives are authorized to act for the Contracting Officer in all specifically delegated matters pertaining to the contract, except:
- (1) contract modifications that change the contract price or cost, technical requirements or time for performance, unless delegated field change order authority;
- (2) suspension or termination of the Contractor's right to proceed, either for default or for convenience;

- (3) final decisions on any matters subject to appeal, e.g., disputes under the "Contract Disputes" clause; and
- (4) final acceptance under the contract.

(End of clause)

PART I - SECTION H SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

3.14-2 Contractor Personnel Suitability Requirements (January 2009)

- (a) This clause applies to the extent that this contract requires contractor employees, subcontractors, or consultants to have unescorted access to FAA:
- (1) Facilities;
- (2) Sensitive information; and/or;
- (3) Resources regardless of the location where such access occurs, and none of the exceptions of FAA Order 1600.72A, Contractor and Industrial Security Program, Chapter 5, paragraphs 4, 6, 7 and 8 pertains.

Definitions of applicable terminology are contained in the corresponding guidance and FAA Order 1600.72A, appendix A.

(b) Consistent with FAA Order 1600.72A, the FAA Servicing Security Element (SSE) has approved designated risk levels for the positions under the contract. Those designated risk levels are:

[To be entered by the CO based on the 1600-77(s) approved by the SSE]

(c) If a National Agency Check with Inquiries (NACI) or other investigation is required under paragraph (b) for a given position, the contractor will submit to the Contracting Officer (CO) a point of contact (POC) that will enter applicant data into the Vendor Applicant Process (VAP) system (vap.faa.gov). VAP is a FAA system used to process and manage security information for FAA contractor personnel. Each contract may have up to 5 POCs. Once designated, a VAP administrator will provide each POC a Web ID and password.

The type of investigation conducted will be determined by the position risk level designation for all duties, functions, and/or tasks performed and will serve as the basis for granting a favorable employment suitability authorization as described in FAA Order 1600.72A. If an employee has had a previous U. S. Government conducted background investigation which meets the requirements of Chapter 5 of FAA Order 1600.72A and Homeland Security Presidential Directive 12 (HSPD-12), it will be accepted by the FAA. However, the FAA reserves the right to conduct further investigations, if necessary. The contract may include positions that are temporary, seasonal, or under escort only. In such cases, a FAA Form 1600-77 for each specific position will be established as the investigative requirements may differ from the NACI.

The following information must be entered into VAP by the POC for each applicant requiring an investigation:

- Name:
- Date and place of birth (city and state);
- Social Security Number (SSN);
- Position and office location;
- Contract number:
- Current e-mail address and telephone number (personal or work); and
- Any known information regarding current security clearance or previous investigations (e.g. the name of the investigating entity, type of background investigation conducted, contract number, labor category (Position), and approximate date the previous background investigation was completed).

If a prior investigation exists and there has not been a 2 year break in service by the applicant, the SSE will notify the contractor that no investigation is required and that final suitability is approved.

If no previous investigation exists, the SSE will send the applicant an e-mail (this step may be delegated to VAP POC):

- Stating that no previous investigation exists and the applicant must complete a form through the Electronic Questionnaires for Investigations Processing (eQIP) system;
- Instructing the applicant how to enter and complete the eQIP form;
- Providing where to send/fax signature and release pages and other applicable forms; and
- Providing instructions regarding fingerprinting.

The applicant must complete the eQIP form and submit other required material within 15 days of receiving the email from the SSE.

For items to be submitted outside eQIP, the contractor must submit the required information with a transmittal letter referencing the contract number to:

Headquarters Contracts:

Manager, Personnel Security Division, AIN-400 800 Independence Avenue, S.W., Room 315 Washington, D.C. 20591

Regional and Center Contracts:

[CO insert appropriate Regional or Center information here or enter "none" if not applicable]

The transmittal letter must also include a list of all of the names of contractor employees and their positions for which completed forms will be submitted to the SSE pursuant to this Clause.

- (d) The contractor must submit the information required by paragraph (c) of this Clause for any new employee not listed in the Contractor's initial submission who is hired into any position identified in paragraph (b) of this Clause.
- (e) The CO will provide notice to the contractor when any contractor employee is found to be unsuitable or otherwise objectionable, or whose conduct appears contrary to the public interest, or inconsistent with the best interest of national security. The contractor must take appropriate action, including the removal of such employee from working on this FAA contract, at their own expense. Once action has been taken, the contractor will report the action to the CO and SSE.
- (f) No contractor employee will work in a high, moderate, or low risk position unless the SSE has received all forms necessary to conduct any required investigation and has authorized the contractor employee to begin work.
- (g) The contractor must notify the CO within one (1) business day after any employee identified pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Clause is terminated from performance on the contract. This notification must be done utilizing the Removal Entry Screen of VAP. If FAA issued the terminated employee and identification card, the contractor must collect the card and submit it to the SSE.
- (h) The CO may also, after coordination with the SSE and other security specialists, require contractor employees to submit any other security information (including additional fingerprinting) deemed reasonably necessary to protect the interests of the FAA. In this event, the contractor must provide, or cause each of its employees to provide, such security information to the SSE, and the same transmittal letter requirements of paragraph (c) of this Clause applies.
- (i) The contractor and/or subcontractor(s) must contact the Servicing Security Elements (Regional and/or Center Security Divisions) or AIN-400 at Headquarters within one (1) business day in the event an employee is arrested (detained by law enforcement for any offenses, other than minor traffic offenses) or is involved in theft of government property or the contractor becomes aware of any information that may raise a question about the suitability of a contractor employee.

- (j) Failure to submit information required by this clause within the time required may be determined by the CO a material breach of the contract.
- (k) If subsequent to the effective date of this contract, the security classification or security requirements under this contract are changed by the Government and if the changes cause an increase or decrease in direct contract costs or otherwise affect any other term or condition of this contract, the contract will be subject to an equitable adjustment.
- (l) The contractor agrees to insert terms that conform substantially to the language of this clause, including paragraph (k) but excluding any reference to the Changes clause of this contract, in all subcontracts under this contract that involve access and where the exceptions under Chapter 5, FAA Order 1600.72A do not apply.
- (m) Contractor employees who have not undergone a background investigation must be escorted at all times. In some instances, a contractor employee may be required to serve as an escort. To serve as an escort, a contractor employee must have a favorably adjudicated fingerprint check and initiated a NACI with FAA.

(End of Clause)

PART II - SECTION I CONTRACT CLAUSES

3.1-1 Clauses and Provisions Incorporated by reference (December 2005)

This screening information request (SIR) or contract, as applicable, incorporates by reference the provisions or clauses listed below with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make the full text available, or offerors and contractors may obtain the full text via Internet at: http://conwrite.faa.gov (on this web page, select "Search and View Clauses").

3.1.7-2	Organizational Conflicts of Interest (August 1997)
3.2.2.3-8	Audit and Records (February 2009)
3.2.2.3-37	Notification of Ownership Changes (July 2004)
3.2.2.3-59	Organization and Direction of the Work (July 2004)
3.2.2.3-69	Subcontracts - Construction (July 2004)
3.2.2.3-75	Requests for Contract Information (July 2004)
3.2.2.7-6	Protecting the Government's Interest when Subcontracting with
	Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment
	(February 2009)
3.2.5-1	Officials Not to Benefit (April 1996)
3.2.5-3	Gratuities or Gifts (January 1999)
3.2.5-4	Contingent Fees (October 1996)
3.2.5-5	Anti-Kickback Procedures (October 1996)
3.2.5-8	Whistleblower Protection for Contractor Employees (April 1996)
3.3.1-2	Payments under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts (April 1996)
3.3.1-9	Interest (January 2008)
3.3.1-15	Assignment of Claims (April 1996)
3.3.1-19	Prompt Payment for Construction Contracts (January 2003)
3.3.1-31	Progress Payments (November 2000)
3.3.2-1	FAA Cost Principles (October 1996)
3.4.1-7	Notice to Proceed (April 1996)
3.4.2-8	Federal, State, and Local Taxes - Fixed Price Contract (April 1996)
3.6.1-1	Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside (July 2006)
3.6.2-9	Equal Opportunity (August 1998)
3.6.3-12	Asbestos - Free Construction (April 2009)
3.6.2-13	Affirmative Action for Workers With Disabilities (April 2000)
3.6.2-18	Davis Bacon Act (April 2009)
3.6.2-18	Withholding – Labor Violations (April 1996)
3.6.2-19	Payrolls and Basic Records (June 1999)
3.6.2-20	Apprentices, Trainees, and Helpers (April 1996)
3.6.2-22	Subcontracts (Labor Standards) (April 1996)
3.6.2-23	Certification of Eligibility (April 1996)
3.6.2-24	Affirmative Action Compliance Requirements for Construction
	(November 1997)
3.6.2-39	Trafficking in Persons (January 2008)
3.6.3-12	Asbestos - Free Construction (April 2009)
3.6.3-13	Recycle Content and Environmentally Preferable Products (July 2008)
3.6.3-14	Use Of Environmentally Preferable Products (July 2008)
3.6.3-16	Drug Free Workplace (February 2009)
3.6.4-3	Buy American Act - Construction Materials (July 1996)
3.6.2-4	Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (April 1996)
3.6.4-10	Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (April 1996)
3.9.1-1	Contract Disputes (November 2002)
3.9.1-2	Protest After Award (August 1997)

3.10.1-11	Government Delay fo Work (April 1996)
3.10.1-7	Bankruptcy (April 1996)
3.10.1-8	Suspension of Work (August 1998)
3.10.1-15	Changes-Construction, Dismantling, Demolition, or Removal of Improvements (July 1996)
3.10.1-16	Changes and Changed Conditions (April 1996)
3.10.1-19	Modification Cost Proposal - Price Breakdown (Construction) (April 1996)
3.10.1-20	Warranty-Construction (April 1996)
3.10.1-24	Notice of Delay (November 1997)
3.10.1-25	Novation and Change-Of-Name Agreements (October 2007)
3.10.2-1	Subcontracts (Fixed-Price Contracts) (April 1996)
3.10.4-10	Inspection of Construction (July 2001)
3.10.6-6	Default (Fixed Price Construction) (October 1996)
3.13-3	Printing/Copying Double-sided on Recycled Paper (July 2008)
3.13-5	Seat Belt Use by Contractor Employees (January

3.3.1-33 Central Contractor Registration (January 2008)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause

"Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database" means the primary Government repository for Contractor information required for the conduct of business with the Government.

"Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number" means the 9-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (D&B) to identify unique business entities.

"Data Universal Numbering System +4 (DUNS+4) number" means the DUNS number assigned by D&B plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned by a business concern. (D&B has no affiliation with this 4-character suffix.) This 4-character suffix may be assigned at the discretion of the business concern to establish additional CCR records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) accounts for the same parent concern.

"Registered in the CCR database" means that the Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the DUNS number or the DUNS+4 number, into the CCR database.

- (b)(1) By submission of an offer, the offeror acknowledges the requirement that a prospective awardee shall be registered in the CCR database prior to award, during performance, and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement resulting from this solicitation.
- (2) The offeror shall enter, in Representations, Certifications and Other Statements of Offerors Section of the solicitation, the DUNS or DUNS +4 number that identifies the offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The DUNS number will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the offeror is registered in the CCR database.
- (c) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one.
- (1) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number
- (i) If located within the United States, by calling Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 or via the Internet at http://fedgov.dnb.com/webform; or
- (ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.
- (2) The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:
- (i) Company legal business.
- (ii) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.

- (iii) Company Physical Street Address, City, State, and ZIP Code.
- (iv) Company Mailing Address, City, State and ZIP Code (if different from physical street address).
- (v) Company Telephone Number.
- (vi) Date the company was started.
- (vii) Number of employees at your location.
- (viii) Chief executive officer/key manager.
- (ix) Line of business (industry).
- (x) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).
- (d) If the offeror does not become registered in the CCR database in the time prescribed by the Contracting Officer, the Contracting Officer may proceed to award to the next otherwise successful registered offeror.
- (e) Processing time, which normally takes 48 hours, should be taken into consideration when registering. Offerors who are not registered should consider applying for registration immediately upon receipt of this solicitation.
- (f) The Contractor is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the data within the CCR database, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in the CCR database after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates its information in the CCR database to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in the CCR does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.
- (g)(1)(i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name, "doing business as" name, or division name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in AMS Procurement Guidance T3.10.1.A-8, the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to:
- (A) change the name in the CCR database;
- (B) comply with the requirements of T3.10.1.A-8; and
- (C) agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor must provide the Contracting Officer with the notification, sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.
- (ii) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (g)(1)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (g)(1)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the CCR information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.
- (2) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in the CCR record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims. Assignees shall be separately registered in the CCR database. Information provided to the Contractor's CCR record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of payment" paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.
- (h) Offerors and Contractors may obtain information on registration and annual confirmation requirements via the internet at http://www.ccr.gov/ or by calling 1-888-227-2423, or 269-961-5757.

(End of Clause)

3.3.1-34 Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer- Central Contractor Registration (February 2009)

- (a) Method of payment.
- (1) All payments by the Government under this contract shall be made by electronic funds transfer (EFT), except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this clause. As used in this clause, the term "EFT" refers to the funds transfer and may also include the payment information transfer.
- (2) In the event the Government is unable to release one or more payments by EFT, the Contractor agrees to either:
 - (i) Accept payment by check or some other mutually agreeable method of payment; or
- (ii) Request the Government to extend the payment due date until such time as the Government can make payment by EFT (but see paragraph (d) of this clause).
- (b) Contractor's EFT information. The Government shall make payment to the Contractor using the EFT information contained in the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) database. In the event that the EFT information changes, the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the updated information to the CCR database.
- (c) Mechanisms for EFT payment. The Government may make payment by EFT through either the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network, subject to the rules of the National Automated Clearing House Association, or the Fedwire Transfer System. The rules governing Federal payments through the ACH are contained in 31 CFR Part 210.
- (d) Suspension of payment. If the Contractor's EFT information in the CCR database is incorrect, then the Government need not make payment to the Contractor under this contract until correct EFT information is entered into the CCR database; and any invoice or contract financing request shall be deemed not to be a proper invoice for the purpose of prompt payment under this contract. The prompt payment terms of the contract regarding notice of an improper invoice and delays in accrual of interest penalties apply.
- (e) Liability for uncompleted or erroneous transfers.
- (1) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Government used the Contractor's EFT information incorrectly, the Government remains responsible for:
 - (i) Making a correct payment;
 - (ii) Paying any prompt payment penalty due; and
 - (iii) Recovering any erroneously directed funds.
- (2) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Contractor's EFT information was incorrect, or was revised within 30 days of Government release of the EFT payment transaction instruction to the Federal Reserve System, and
- (i) If the funds are no longer under the control of the payment office, the Government is deemed to have made payment and the Contractor is responsible for recovery of any erroneously directed funds; or
- (ii) If the funds remain under the control of the payment office, the Government shall not make payment, and the provisions of paragraph (d) of this clause shall apply.
- (f) EFT and prompt payment. A payment shall be deemed to have been made in a timely manner in accordance with the prompt payment terms of this contract if, in the EFT payment transaction instruction released to the Federal Reserve System, the date specified for settlement of the payment is on or before the prompt payment due date, provided the specified payment date is a valid date under the rules of the Federal Reserve System.
- (g) EFT and assignment of claims. If the Contractor assigns the proceeds of this contract as provided for in the assignment of claims terms of this contract, the Contractor shall require as a condition of any such assignment, that the assignee shall register separately in the CCR database and shall be paid by EFT in accordance with the terms of this clause. Notwithstanding any other requirement of this contract, payment to an ultimate recipient other than the Contractor, or a financial institution properly recognized under an assignment of claims, is not permitted. In all respects, the requirements of this clause shall apply to the assignee as if it were the Contractor. EFT information that shows the ultimate recipient of the transfer to be other than the Contractor, in the absence of a proper

assignment of claims acceptable to the Government, is incorrect EFT information within the meaning of paragraph (d) of this clause.

- (h) Liability for change of EFT information by financial agent. The Government is not liable for errors resulting from changes to EFT information made by the Contractor's financial agent.
- (i) Payment information. The payment or disbursing office shall forward to the Contractor available payment information that is suitable for transmission as of the date of release of the EFT instruction to the Federal Reserve System. The Government may request the Contractor to designate a desired format and method(s) for delivery of payment information from a list of formats and methods the payment office is capable of executing. However, the Government does not guarantee that any particular format or method of delivery is available at any particular payment office and retains the latitude to use the format and delivery method most convenient to the Government. If the Government makes payment by check in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government shall mail the payment information to the remittance address contained in the CCR database.

(End of clause)

3.4.1-10 Insurance - Work on a Government Installation (July 1996)

- (a) The Contractor shall, at its own expense, provide and maintain during the entire performance of this contract, at least the kinds and minimum amounts of insurance required in the "Schedule" or elsewhere in the contract.
- (b) Before commencing work under this contract, the Contractor shall certify to the Contracting Officer in writing by letter or certificate of insurance, reflecting the FAA's contract number, that the required insurance has been obtained. The policies evidencing required insurance shall contain an endorsement to the effect that any cancellation or any material change adversely affecting the Federal Aviation Administration's interest shall not be effective:
 - (1) for such period as the laws of the State in which this contract is to be performed prescribe, or
- (2) until 30 days after the insurer or the Contractor gives written notice to the Contracting Officer, whichever period is longer.
- (c) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts under this contract that require work on a Government installation and shall require subcontractors to provide and maintain the insurance required in the "Schedule" or elsewhere in the contract. The Contractor shall maintain a copy of all subcontractors' proofs of required insurance, and shall make copies (reflecting the FAA's contract number to ensure proper filing of documents) available to the Contracting Officer upon request.

(End of clause)

3.9.1-1 Contract Disputes (November 2002)

- (a) All contract disputes arising under or related to this contract shall be resolved through the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) dispute resolution system at the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition (ODRA) and shall be governed by the procedures set forth in 14 C.F.R. Parts 14 and 17, which are hereby incorporated by reference. Judicial review, where available, will be in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46110 and shall apply only to final agency decisions. A contractor may seek review of a final FAA decision only after its administrative remedies have been exhausted.
- (b) The filing of a contract dispute with the ODRA may be accomplished by mail, overnight delivery, hand delivery, or by facsimile. A contract dispute is considered to be filed on the date it is received by the ODRA.
 - (c) Contract disputes are to be in writing and shall contain:

- (1) The contractor's name, address, telephone and fax numbers and the name, address, telephone and fax numbers of the contractor's legal representative(s) (if any) for the contract dispute;
 - (2) The contract number and the name of the Contracting Officer;
- (3) A detailed chronological statement of the facts and of the legal grounds for the contractor's positions regarding each element or count of the contract dispute (i.e., broken down by individual claim item), citing to relevant contract provisions and documents and attaching copies of those provisions and documents;
 - (4) All information establishing that the contract dispute was timely filed;
- (5) A request for a specific remedy, and if a monetary remedy is requested, a sum certain must be specified and pertinent cost information and documentation (e.g., invoices and cancelled checks) attached, broken down by individual claim item and summarized; and
 - (6) The signature of a duly authorized representative of the initiating party.
 - (d) Contract disputes shall be filed at the following address:
 - Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition, AGC-70 Federal Aviation Administration 800 Independence Ave, S.W., Room 323 Washington, DC 20591

Telephone: (202) 267-3290, Facsimile: (202) 267-3720; or

- (2) other address as specified in 14 CFR Part 17.
- (e) A contract dispute against the FAA shall be filed with the ODRA within two (2) years of the accrual of the contract claim involved. A contract dispute by the FAA against a contractor (excluding contract disputes alleging warranty issues, fraud or latent defects) likewise shall be filed within two (2) years after the accrual of the contract claim. If an underlying contract entered into prior to the effective date of this part provides for time limitations for filing of contract disputes with the ODRA which differ from the aforesaid two (2) year period, the limitation periods in the contract shall control over the limitation period of this section. In no event will either party be permitted to file with the ODRA a contract dispute seeking an equitable adjustment or other damages after the contractor has accepted final contract payment, with the exception of FAA claims related to warranty issues, gross mistakes amounting to fraud or latent defects. FAA claims against the contractor based on warranty issues must be filed within the time specified under applicable contract warranty provisions. Any FAA claims against the contractor based on gross mistakes amounting to fraud or latent defects shall be filed with the ODRA within two (2) years of the date on which the FAA knew or should have known of the presence of the fraud or latent defect.
- (f) A party shall serve a copy of the contract dispute upon the other party, by means reasonably calculated to be received on the same day as the filing is to be received by the ODRA.
 - (g) After filing the contract dispute, the contractor should seek informal resolution with the Contracting Officer.
- (h) The FAA requires continued performance with respect to contract disputes arising under this contract, in accordance with the provisions of the contract, pending a final FAA decision.
- (i) The FAA will pay interest on the amount found due and unpaid from (1) the date the Contracting Officer receives the contract dispute, or (2) the date payment otherwise would be due, if that date is later, until the date of payment. Simple interest on contract disputes shall be paid at the rate fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury that is

applicable on the date the Contracting Officer receives the contract dispute and then at the rate applicable for each 6-month period as fixed by the Treasury Secretary until payment is made.

(j) Additional information and guidance about the ODRA dispute resolution process for contract disputes can be found on the ODRA Website at http://www.faa.gov.

(End of clause)

3.9.1-2 Protest After Award (August 1997)

- (a) Upon receipt of a notice that a protest has been filed with the FAA Office of Dispute Resolution, or a determination that a protest is likely, the Administrator or his designee may instruct the Contracting Officer to direct the Contractor to stop performance of the work called for by this contract. The order to the Contractor shall be in writing, and shall be specifically identified as a stop-work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall immediately comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Upon receipt of the final decision or other resolution of the protest, the Contracting Officer shall either--
 - (1) Cancel the stop-work order; or
- (2) For other than cost-reimbursement contracts, terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the "Default" or the "Termination for Convenience of the Government" clause(s) of this contract; or
- (3) For cost-reimbursement contracts, terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the "Termination" clause of this contract.
- (b) If a stop-work order issued under this clause is canceled either before or after the final resolution of the protest, the Contractor shall resume work. The Contracting Officer shall make for other than cost-reimbursement contracts, an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both; and for cost-reimbursement contracts, an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule, the estimated cost, the fee, or a combination thereof, and in any other terms of the contract that may be affected; and the contract shall be modified, in writing, accordingly, if--
- (1) The stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the Contractor's cost properly allocable to, the performance of any part of this contract; and
- (2) The Contractor asserts its right to an adjustment within 30 days after the end of the period of work stoppage; provided, that if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify the action, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted at any time before final payment under this contract.
- (c) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall allow reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order in arriving at the termination settlement.
- (d) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for default, the Contracting Officer shall allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the stopwork order.
- (e) The Government's rights to terminate this contract at any time are not affected by action taken under this clause.

(End of clause)

3.10.6-1 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Fixed Price) (October 1996)

- (a) The Government may terminate performance of work under this contract in whole or, from time to time, in part if the Contracting Officer determines that a termination is in the Government's interest. The Contracting Officer shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the extent of termination and the effective date.
- (b) After receipt of a Notice of Termination, and except as directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall immediately proceed with the following obligations, regardless of any delay in determining or adjusting any amounts due under this clause:
 - (1) Stop work as specified in the notice.
- (2) Place no further subcontracts or orders (referred to as subcontracts in this clause) for materials, services, or facilities, except as necessary to complete the continued portion of the contract.
 - (3) Terminate all subcontracts to the extent they relate to the work terminated.
- (4) Assign to the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer, all right, title, and interest of the Contractor under the subcontracts terminated, in which case the Government shall have the right to settle or to pay any termination settlement proposal arising out of those terminations.
- (5) With approval or ratification to the extent required by the Contracting Officer, settle all outstanding liabilities and termination settlement proposals arising from the termination of subcontracts; the approval or ratification will be final for purposes of this clause.
 - (6) As directed by the Contracting Officer, transfer title and deliver to the Government:
- (i) the fabricated or unfabricated parts, work in process, completed work, supplies, and other material produced or acquired for the work terminated, and
- (ii) the completed or partially completed plans, drawings, information, and other property that, if the contract had been completed, would be required to be furnished to the Government.
 - (7) Complete performance of the work not terminated.
- (8) Take any action that may be necessary, or that the Contracting Officer may direct, for the protection and preservation of the property related to this contract that is in the possession of the contractor and in which the Government has or may acquire an interest.
- (9) Use its best efforts to sell, as directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer, any property of the types referred to in subparagraph (6) above; provided, however, that the Contractor:
 - (i) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and
- (ii) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Contracting Officer.

The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Government under this contract, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in any other manner directed by the Contracting Officer.

(c) The Contractor may submit to the Contracting Officer a list, certified as to quantity and quality, of termination inventory not previously disposed of, excluding items authorized for disposition by the Contracting Officer. The

Contractor may request the Government to remove those items or enter into an agreement for their storage. Within 15 days, the Government will accept title to those items and remove them or enter into a storage agreement. The Contracting Officer may verify the list upon removal of the items, or if stored, within 45 days from submission of the list, and shall correct the list, as necessary, before final settlement.

- (d) After termination, the Contractor shall submit a final termination settlement proposal to the Contracting Officer in the form and with the certification prescribed by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall submit the proposal promptly, but no later than 1-year from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this 1-year period. However, if the Contracting Officer determines that the facts justify it, a termination settlement proposal may be received and acted on after 1 year or any extension. If the Contractor fails to submit the proposal within the time allowed, the Contracting Officer may determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor because of the termination and shall pay the amount determined.
- (e) Subject to paragraph (d) above, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer may agree upon the whole or any part of the amount to be paid because of the termination. The amount may include a reasonable allowance for profit on work done. However, the agreed amount, whether under this paragraph (e) or paragraph (f) below, exclusive of costs shown in subparagraph (f)(3) below, may not exceed the total contract price as reduced by:
 - (1) the amount of payments previously made and
 - (2) the contract price of work not terminated.

The contract shall be amended, and the Contractor paid the agreed amount. Paragraph (f) below shall not limit, restrict, or affect the amount that may be agreed upon to be paid under this paragraph.

- (f) If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree on the whole amount to be paid because of the termination of work, the Contracting Officer shall pay the Contractor the amounts determined by the Contracting Officer as follows, but without duplication of any amounts agreed on under paragraph (e) above:
- (1) The contract price for completed supplies or services accepted by the Government (or sold or acquired under subparagraph (b)(9) above) not previously paid for, adjusted for any saving of freight and other charges.

(2) The total of--

- (i) The costs incurred in the performance of the work terminated, including initial costs and preparatory expense allocable thereto, but excluding any costs attributable to supplies or services paid or to be paid under subparagraph (f)(1) above;
- (ii) The cost of setting and paying termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract if not included in subdivision (i) above; and
- (iii) A sum, as profit on subdivision (i) above, determined by the Contracting Officer to be fair and reasonable; however, if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire contract had it been completed, the Contracting Officer shall allow no profit under this subdivision (iii) and shall reduce the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss.
 - (3) The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including--
- (i) Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

(ii) The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

- (iii) Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the preservation, protection, or disposition of the termination inventory.
- (g) Except for normal spoilage, and except to the extent that the Government expressly assumed the risk of loss, the Contracting Officer shall exclude from the amounts payable to the Contractor under paragraph (f) above, the fair value, as determined by the Contracting Officer, of property that is destroyed, lost, stolen, or damaged so as to become undeliverable to the Government or to a buyer.
- (h) The cost principles and procedures, in effect on the date of this contract, shall govern all costs claimed, agreed to, or determined under this clause.
- (i) The Contractor may file a claim with the Federal Aviation Administration Office of Dispute Resolution based on any determination made by the Contracting Officer under paragraph (d), (f), or (k), except that if the Contractor failed to submit the termination settlement proposal within the time provided in paragraph (d) or (k), and failed to request a time extension, there is no right of appeal. If the Contracting Officer has made a determination of the amount due under paragraph (d), (f), or (k), the Government shall pay the Contractor:
- (1) the amount determined by the Contracting Officer if there is no right to file a claim or if no claim has been filed, or
 - (2) the amount finally determined allowable by the Office of Dispute Resolution.
- (j) In arriving at the amount due the Contractor under this clause, there shall be deducted--
- (1) All unliquidated advance or other payments to the Contractor under the terminated portion of this contract;
 - (2) Any claim which the Government has against the Contractor under this contract; and
- (3) The agreed price for, or the proceeds of sale of, materials, supplies, or other things acquired by the Contractor or sold under the provisions of this clause and not recovered by or credited to the Government.
- (k) If the termination is partial, the Contractor may file a proposal with the Contracting Officer for an equitable adjustment of the price(s) of the continued portion of the contract. The Contracting Officer shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 days from the effective date of termination unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer.
- (1) The Government may, under the terms and conditions it prescribes, make partial payments and payments against costs incurred by the Contractor for the terminated portion of the contract, if the Contracting Officer believes the total of these payments will not exceed the amount to which the Contractor will be entitled.
- (2) If the total payments exceed the amount finally determined to be due, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Government upon demand, together with interest computed at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under 50 U.S.C. App. 1215(b)(2). Interest shall be computed for the period from the date the excess payment is received by the Contractor to the date the excess is repaid. Interest shall not be charged on any excess payment due to a reduction in the Contractor's termination settlement proposal because of retention or other disposition of termination inventory until 10 days after the date of the retention or disposition, or a later date determined by the Contracting Officer because of the circumstances.

(m) Unless otherwise provided in this contract or by statute, the Contractor shall maintain all records and documents relating to the terminated portion of this contract for 3 years after final settlement. This includes all books and other evidence bearing on the Contractor's costs and expenses under this contract. The Contractor shall make these records and documents available to the Government, at the Contractor's office, at all reasonable times, without any direct charge. If approved by the Contracting Officer, photographs, microphotographs, or other authentic reproductions may be maintained instead of original records and documents.

(End of clause)

3.14-2 Contractor Personnel Suitability Requirements (January 2009)

- (a) This clause applies to the extent that this contract requires contractor employees, subcontractors, or consultants to have unescorted access to FAA:
- (1) Facilities;
- (2) Sensitive information; and/or;
- (3) Resources regardless of the location where such access occurs, and none of the exceptions of FAA Order 1600.72A, Contractor and Industrial Security Program, Chapter 5, paragraphs 4, 6, 7 and 8 pertains.

Definitions of applicable terminology are contained in the corresponding guidance and FAA Order 1600.72A, appendix A.

(b) Consistent with FAA Order 1600.72A, the FAA Servicing Security Element (SSE) has approved designated risk levels for the positions under the contract. Those designated risk levels are:

Skilled Laborer 1 Unskilled Laborer 1 Supervisor 5

(c) If a National Agency Check with Inquiries (NACI) or other investigation is required under paragraph (b) for a given position, the contractor will submit to the Contracting Officer (CO) a point of contact (POC) that will enter applicant data into the Vendor Applicant Process (VAP) system (vap.faa.gov). VAP is a FAA system used to process and manage security information for FAA contractor personnel. Each contract may have up to 5 POCs. Once designated, a VAP administrator will provide each POC a Web ID and password.

The type of investigation conducted will be determined by the position risk level designation for all duties, functions, and/or tasks performed and will serve as the basis for granting a favorable employment suitability authorization as described in FAA Order 1600.72A. If an employee has had a previous U. S. Government conducted background investigation which meets the requirements of Chapter 5 of FAA Order 1600.72A and Homeland Security Presidential Directive 12 (HSPD-12), it will be accepted by the FAA. However, the FAA reserves the right to conduct further investigations, if necessary. The contract may include positions that are temporary, seasonal, or under escort only. In such cases, a FAA Form 1600-77 for each specific position will be established as the investigative requirements may differ from the NACI.

The following information must be entered into VAP by the POC for each applicant requiring an investigation:

- Name;
- Date and place of birth (city and state);
- Social Security Number (SSN);
- Position and office location;
- Contract number;
- Current e-mail address and telephone number (personal or work); and

- Any known information regarding current security clearance or previous investigations (e.g. the name of the investigating entity, type of background investigation conducted, contract number, labor category (Position), and approximate date the previous background investigation was completed).

If a prior investigation exists and there has not been a 2 year break in service by the applicant, the SSE will notify the contractor that no investigation is required and that final suitability is approved.

If no previous investigation exists, the SSE will send the applicant an e-mail (this step may be delegated to VAP POC):

- Stating that no previous investigation exists and the applicant must complete a form through the Electronic Questionnaires for Investigations Processing (eQIP) system;
- Instructing the applicant how to enter and complete the eQIP form;
- Providing where to send/fax signature and release pages and other applicable forms; and
- Providing instructions regarding fingerprinting.

The applicant must complete the eQIP form and submit other required material within 15 days of receiving the email from the SSE.

For items to be submitted outside eQIP, the contractor must submit the required information with a transmittal letter referencing the contract number to:

Regional and Center Contracts:

Federal Aviation Administration Southern Region, ASO-52 Attention: Ms. Bertha Russell 1701 Columbia Avenue College Park, Georgia 30337

The transmittal letter must also include a list of all of the names of contractor employees and their positions for which completed forms will be submitted to the SSE pursuant to this Clause.

- (d) The contractor must submit the information required by paragraph (c) of this Clause for any new employee not listed in the Contractor's initial submission who is hired into any position identified in paragraph (b) of this Clause.
- (e) The CO will provide notice to the contractor when any contractor employee is found to be unsuitable or otherwise objectionable, or whose conduct appears contrary to the public interest, or inconsistent with the best interest of national security. The contractor must take appropriate action, including the removal of such employee from working on this FAA contract, at their own expense. Once action has been taken, the contractor will report the action to the CO and SSE.
- (f) No contractor employee will work in a high, moderate, or low risk position unless the SSE has received all forms necessary to conduct any required investigation and has authorized the contractor employee to begin work.
- (g) The contractor must notify the CO within one (1) business day after any employee identified pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Clause is terminated from performance on the contract. This notification must be done utilizing the Removal Entry Screen of VAP. If FAA issued the terminated employee and identification card, the contractor must collect the card and submit it to the SSE.
- (h) The CO may also, after coordination with the SSE and other security specialists, require contractor employees to submit any other security information (including additional fingerprinting) deemed reasonably necessary to protect the interests of the FAA. In this event, the contractor must provide, or cause each of its employees to provide, such security information to the SSE, and the same transmittal letter requirements of paragraph (c) of this Clause applies.

- (i) The contractor and/or subcontractor(s) must contact the Servicing Security Elements (Regional and/or Center Security Divisions) or AIN-400 at Headquarters within one (1) business day in the event an employee is arrested (detained by law enforcement for any offenses, other than minor traffic offenses) or is involved in theft of government property or the contractor becomes aware of any information that may raise a question about the suitability of a contractor employee.
- (j) Failure to submit information required by this clause within the time required may be determined by the CO a material breach of the contract.
- (k) If subsequent to the effective date of this contract, the security classification or security requirements under this contract are changed by the Government and if the changes cause an increase or decrease in direct contract costs or otherwise affect any other term or condition of this contract, the contract will be subject to an equitable adjustment.
- (l) The contractor agrees to insert terms that conform substantially to the language of this clause, including paragraph (k) but excluding any reference to the Changes clause of this contract, in all subcontracts under this contract that involve access and where the exceptions under Chapter 5, FAA Order 1600.72A do not apply.
- (m) Contractor employees who have not undergone a background investigation must be escorted at all times. In some instances, a contractor employee may be required to serve as an escort. To serve as an escort, a contractor employee must have a favorably adjudicated fingerprint check and initiated a NACI with FAA.

(End of Clause)

3.14-3 Foreign Nationals as Contractor Employees (April 2008)

- (a) Each contractor or subcontractor employee under this contract having access to FAA facilities, sensitive information, or resources must be a citizen of the United States of America, or an alien who has been lawfully admitted for permanent residence as evidenced by Alien Registration Receipt Card Form I-151, or who presents other evidence from the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service that employment must not affect his/her immigration status.
- (b) Aliens and foreign nationals proposed under this contract must meet the following conditions in accordance with FAA Order 1600.72A, chapter 5, paragraph 7 & 8:
- (1) Must have resided within the United States for three (3) of the last five (5) years unless a waiver of this requirement is requested and approved in accordance with the requirements stated in FAA Order 1600.72A, chapter 5, paragraph 9;
- (2) A risk or sensitivity level designation can be made for the position; and
- (3) The appropriate security-related background investigation/inquiry can be adequately conducted.
- (c) Interim suitability requirements may not be applied unless the position is low/moderate in risk, and/or temporary, and/or is not in a critical area position.

(End of Clause)

3.14-4 Access to FAA Systems and Government-Issued Keys, Personal Identity Verification (PIV) cards, and Vehicle Decals (July 2008)

(a) It may become necessary for the Government to grant access to FAA systems or issue keys, PIV cards, vehicle decals, and/or access control cards to contractor employees. Prior to or upon completion or termination of the work required hereunder, the contractor must return all such Government-issued items and submit a request to terminate all user accounts on applicable FAA systems to the issuing office with notification to the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR). When contractor employees who have been issued such items are terminated or no longer required to perform the work, the Government-issued items must be returned to the Government and a

request submitted for the termination of FAA system access within three (3) business days or upon termination of the contract or the employee. Improper use, possession or alteration of FAA issued keys, PIV Cards and/or vehicle decals is subject to penalties under Title 18, USC 499, 506, 701, and 1030.

- (b) In the event such keys, PIV Cards, or vehicle decals are lost, stolen, or not returned, the contractor understands and agrees that the Government may, in addition to any other withholding provision of the contract, withhold \$200.00 for each key, PIV Card, and vehicle decal lost, stolen, or not returned. If the keys, PIV Cards, or vehicle decals are not returned within 30 calendar days from the date the withholding action was initiated, any amount so withheld must be forfeited by the contractor.
- (c) Access to aircraft ramp/hangar areas is authorized only to those persons displaying a flight line identification card and for vehicles, a current ramp permit issued pursuant to Title 49, Part 1542, Code of Federal Regulations.
- (d) The Government retains the right to inspect inventory, or audit PIV Cards, keys, vehicle decals, and access control cards issued to the contractor in connection with the contract at the convenience of the Government. Any items not accounted for, to the satisfaction of the Government will be assumed to be lost and the provisions of section (b) apply.
- (e) Keys must be obtained from the COTR who will require the contractor to sign a receipt for each key obtained. Lost or stolen keys, PIV Cards, vehicle decals, and access control cards must immediately be reported concurrently to the Contracting Officer (CO), COTR, and BarbaraParker, FAA Security & Hazardous Materials Staff, ASO-750A at 404-305-6808. Electronic keying cards are handled in the same manner as metal keys.
- (f) Each contract employee, during all times of on-site performance at the facility must prominently display his/her current and valid PIV card on the front portion of his/her body between the neck and waist. Each PIV card holder must not affix pins, stickers, or other decorations to the PIV. by the SSE prior to approval or issuance of the PIV card.
- (1) To obtain the PIV Card, contractor employee must submit an identification Card/Credential Application (DOT 1681) signed by the contractor employee and by the authorized trusted agent (when applicable) and also by the authorized sponsor to the CO or to the COTR. The DOT 1681 must contain, as a minimum, under the "Credential Justification" heading, the name of the contractor/company, the contract number or the appropriate acquisition identification number, the expiration date of the contract or the task (whichever is sooner), and the required signatures. The contractor will be notified when the DOT 1681 has been approved and is ready for processing by the **Contracting Officer.** Arrangements for processing the identification cards, including photographs and lamination can be made by the contacting **Bertha Russell at (404) 305-5724.**
- (2) The contractor must contact the SSE to obtain the procedures that the contractor's employees must utilize to obtain their PIV Card.
- (g) The contractor is responsible for ensuring final out-processing is accomplished for all departing contractor employees. Final out-processing must be accomplished by close of business the final workday of the contractor employee or the next day under special conditions. The SSE must be notified in writing and ensure that all FAA media, including the PIV card, are returned to the SSE.

(End of Clause)

PART III - SECTION J LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

3.2.2.3-44 Physical Data (July 2004)

Data and information the FAA (we, us) provides or refers to below is for the Contractor's (your) information. We are not responsible for your interpretation of or conclusions based on the data or information. Further, we do not warrant construction methodology which may be included in these documents.

- (a) The descriptions of physical conditions on the drawings and in the specifications are the result of site investigations by visual observations by the designers.
- (b) Weather conditions shall have been investigated by the Contractor so as to become familiar with the locally prevailing weather conditions under which he/she will be required to perform this work. Complete weather records are available from the nearest office of the National Weather Service.
- (c) Transportation facilities are by public highway. Contractor shall familiarize himself/herself with existing conditions and limitations applicable to construction site access.

 (End of clause)

LIST OF DRAWINGS FOR MODIFICATION OF CAB GLASS ANGLE THE TEMPORARY OPA LOCKA AIRPORT TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER, OPA LOCKA, FL

SO-J-1 Technical Proposal Statement of Work (Attachment 1)

SO-J-2 <u>Drawings</u> (Attachment 2)

	Number	<u>Date</u>
Drawing 1	NMD-601-94-02	10/29/1994
Drawing 2	NMD-601-94-07	7/22/1994
Drawing 3	NMD-601-94-08	7/22/1994
Drawing 4	NMD-601-94-09	7/22/1994
Drawing 5	NMD-601-94-10	7/22/1994

SO-J-3. WAGE RATE DETERMINATION General Decision No FL080001, dated 04/10/2009, 4 pages, (Attachment 3)

SO-J-4 BUSINESS DECLARATION FORM (Attachment 4)

SO-J-5 PAST PERFORMANCE SURVEYS (Attachment 5)

PART IV - SECTION K

REPRESENTATIONS, CERTIFICATIONS, AND OTHER STATEMENTS OF OFFERORS

3.2.5-2 Independent Price Determination (October 1996)

The offeror warrants that:

- (1) The prices in this offer have been arrived at independently, without, for the purpose of restricting competition, any consultation, communication, or agreement with any other competitor relating to
 - (i) those prices,
 - (ii) the intention to submit an offer, or
 - (iii) the methods or factors used to calculate the prices offered;
- (2) The prices in this offer have not been knowingly disclosed by the contractor, directly or indirectly, to any other competitor before receipt of offers unless otherwise required by law; and
- (3) No attempt has been made by the contractor to induce any other concern to submit or not to submit an offer for the purpose of restricting competition.

(End of Provision)

3.1.7-6 Disclosure of Certain Employee Relationships (October 2006)

- (a) The policy of the FAA is to avoid doing business with contractors, subcontractors, and consultants who have a conflict of interest or an appearance of a conflict of interest. The purpose of this policy is to maintain the highest level of integrity within its workforce and to ensure that the award of procurement contracts is based upon fairness and merit.
- (b) The contractor must provide to the Contracting Officer the following information with its proposal and must provide an information update within 30 days of the award of a contract, any subcontract, or any consultant agreement, or within 30 days of the retention of a Subject Individual or former FAA employee subject to this clause:
- (1) The names of all Subject Individuals who:
- (i) participated in preparation of proposals for award; or
- (ii) are planned to be used during performance; or
- (iii) are used during performance; and
- (2) The names of all former FAA employees, retained by the contractor who were employed by FAA during the two year period immediately prior to the date of:
 - (i) the award; or
 - (ii) their retention by the contractor; and
- (3) The date on which the initial expression of interest in a future financial arrangement was discussed with the contractor by any former FAA employee whose name is required to be provided by the contractor pursuant to subparagraph (2); and
- (4) The location where any Subject Individual or former FAA employee whose name is required to be provided by the contractor pursuant to subparagraphs (1) and (2), are expected to be assigned.

- (c) "Subject Individual" means a current FAA employee's father, mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepfather, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, half sister, spouse of an in-law, or a member of his/her household.
- (d) The contractor must incorporate this clause into all subcontracts or consultant agreements awarded under this contract and must further require that each such subcontractor or consultant incorporate this clause into all subcontracts or consultant agreements at any tier awarded under this contract unless the Contracting Officer determines otherwise.
- (e) The information as it is submitted, must be certified as being true and correct. If there is no such information, the certification must so state.
- (f) Remedies for nondisclosure: The following are possible remedies available to the FAA should a contractor misrepresent or refuse to disclose or misrepresent any information required by this clause:
- (1) Termination of the contract.
- (2) Exclusion from subsequent FAA contracts.
- (3) Other remedial action as may be permitted or provided by law or regulation or policy or by the terms of the contract.
- (g) Annual Certification. The contractor must provide annually, based on the anniversary date of contract award, the following certification in writing to the Contracting Officer:

The contractor represents and certifies that to the best of its knowledge and belief that during the prior 12 month

ANNUAL CERTIFICATION OF DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN EMPLOYEE RELATIONSHIPS

period:	
[] A former FAA employee(s) or Subject Individual(s) has been retained to work under the contract of subcontract or consultant agreement and complete disclosure has been made in accordance with subpart AMS Clause 3.1.7-6.	
[] No former FAA employee(s) or Subject Individual(s) has been retained to work under the contract subcontract or consultant agreement, and disclosure required by AMS Clause 3.1.7-6 is not applicable.	or
Authorized Representative	

(End of clause)

Date

Company Name

3.2.2.7-7 Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (February 2009)

- (a)(1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that -
- (i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals -
- (A) Are [] are not [] presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
- (B) Have [] have not [] within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws or receiving stolen property; and
- (C) Are [] are not [] presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1)(i)(B) of this provision.
- (D) Have [], have not [], within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,000 for which the liability remains unsatisfied.
 - (1) Federal taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:
- (i) The tax liability is finally determined. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.
- (ii) The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.
 - (2) Examples
- (i) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. Sec. 6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (ii) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. Sec. 6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (iii) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. Sec. 6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.
- (iv) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. 362 (the Bankruptcy Code).
- (ii) The Offeror has [] has not [] within a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.

- (2) 'Principals,' for the purposes of this certification, means officers; directors; owners; partners; and, persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions). THIS CERTIFICATION CONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF A FALSE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION UNDER SECTION 1001, TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE. (b) The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- (c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this SIR. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.
- (d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- (e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this SIR for default.

(End of Provision)

3.2.2.3-2 Minimum Offer Acceptance Period (July 2004)

- (a) 'Acceptance period,' as used in this provision, means the number of calendar days the FAA (we, us) has to award a contract from the date the SIR specifies for receiving offers.
- (b) This provision supersedes any language about the acceptance period appearing elsewhere in this SIR.
- (c) We require a minimum acceptance period of 60 calendar days.
- (d) The offeror (you) may specify a longer acceptance period than the period shown in paragraph (c). To specify a longer period, fill in the blank: The offeror allows the following acceptance period: calendar days.
- (e) We may reject an offer allowing less than the FAA's minimum acceptance period.
- (f) You agree to fulfill your offer completely if the FAA accepts your offer in writing within:
 - (1) The acceptance period stated in paragraph (c) of this provision; or
 - (2) Any longer acceptance period stated in paragraph (d) of this provision.

3.2.2.3-10 Type of Business Organization (July 2004)

By checking the applicable box, the offeror (you) represents that
(a) You operate as [] a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of
(b) If you are a foreign entity, you operate as [] an individual, [] a partnership, [] a nonprofit organization, [] a joint venture, or [] a corporation, registered for business in(country)
(country)
(End of Provision)
3.2.2.3-15 Authorized Negotiators (July 2004)
The offeror states that the following persons are authorized to negotiate on your behalf with the FAA in connection with this offer: Name:
Title:Phone number:
Phone number:
(End of Provision)
3.2.2.3-70 Taxpayer Identification (July 2004)
(a) Definitions.
(1) "Common parent," as used in this clause, means a corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files an offeror's (you, your) Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which you are a member.
(2) "Corporate status," as used in this clause, means a designation as to whether you are a corporate entity, an unincorporated entity (for example, sole proprietorship or partnership), or a corporation providing medical and health care services.
(3) "Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)," as used in this clause, means the number the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) requires you use in reporting income tax and other returns.
(b) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (c) through (e) of this provision to comply with reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M and implementing regulations issued by IRS. The FAA will use this information to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of your relation with the Federal Government, under Public Law 104 -134, the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, Section 31001(I)(3). If the resulting contract is subject to the reporting requirements and you refuse or fail to provide the information, the Contracting Officer (CO) may reduce your payments 31 percent under the contract.
(c) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).
[] TIN: [] TIN has been applied for. [] TIN is not required because: [] Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not leave income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the U.S. and does not have an office or place of business or a

fiscal paying agent in the U.S.;

Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;
Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a Federal, state, or local government;
OtherState basis
) Corporate Status.
Corporation providing medical and health care services, or engaged in the billing and collecting of payments for
ch services;
Other corporate entity
Not a corporate entity
Sole proprietorship
Partnership
Hospital or extended care facility described in 26 CFR 501(c)(3) that is exempt from taxation under 26 CFR
1(a).
Common Parent.
A common parent does not own or control the offeror as defined in paragraph (a).
Name and TIN of common parent:
nme
N
nd of Provision)

3.2.2.3-76 Representation- Release of Contract Information (July 2004)

- (a) Any contract resulting from this SIR may be subject to release under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. Section 552.
- (b) The offeror's (you, your) position regarding the possible release of information you provide in response to this SIR is as follows:

(c) REPRESENTATION CONCERNING RELEASE OF CONTRACT INFORMATION--

The offeror (you) represents that--(1)[] You have made a complete review of your offer(s) in response to this SIR and no exemption from mandatory release under FOIA exists, and, (2)[] You have no objection to the release of any contract you may be awarded in whole or in part resulting from this SIR.

OR

The offeror (you) represents that [] your offer(s) in response to this SIR contains information that is exempt from mandatory release under FOIA. Accordingly, you represent that--(1)[] You have identified any sensitive documents you submitted in response to this SIR by placing restrictive markings on them. This may include trade secrets, proprietary information, or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential, and (2)[] As the party that provided the information, you have provided the Contracting Officer (by separate letter concurrent with this offer) detailed information listing the page(s) to be withheld complete with any and all legal justifications which would permit the FAA to invoke a FOIA exemption.

[End of Provision]

3.2.2.7-7 Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Proposed Debarment, and Other Responsibility Matters (April 1996)

- (a) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that--
 - (i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals--
- (A) Are [] are not [] presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
- (B) Have [] have not [] within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers: or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property; and
- (C) Are [] are not [] presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(1)(i)(B) of this provision.
- (ii) The Offeror has [] has not [] within a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.

Principals,' for the purposes of this certification, means officers; directors; owners; partners; and, persons having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment, and similar positions). THIS CERTIFICATION CONCERNS A MATTER WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF AN AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE MAKING OF A FALSE, FICTITIOUS, OR FRAUDULENT CERTIFICATION MAY RENDER THE MAKER SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION UNDER SECTION 1001, TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

- (b) The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- (c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this SIR. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror non-responsible.
- (d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- (e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this SIR for default.

3.3.1-35 Certification of Registration in Central Contractor Registration (CCR) (April 2006)

In accordance with Clause 3.3.1-33, Central Contractor Registration, offeror certifies that they are registered in the CCR Database and have entered all mandatory information including the DUNS or DUNS+4 Number.

Name:	
Title:	
Phone Number:	
(End of Provision)	
2 6 2 5 Cartification of Nancagraph	d Englisting (Enhancer, 2000)

3.6.2-5 Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities (February 2009)

- (a) 'Segregated facilities,' as used in this provision, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees, that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, or national origin because of habit, local custom, or otherwise.
- (b) By the submission of this offer, the offeror certifies that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The offeror agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the "Equal Opportunity" clause in the contract.
- (c) The offeror further agrees that (except where it has obtained identical certifications from proposed subcontractors for specific time periods) it will--
- (1) Obtain identical certifications from proposed subcontractors before the award of subcontracts under which the subcontractor will be subject to the "Equal Opportunity" clause;
 - (2) Retain the certifications in the files; and
- (3) Forward the following notice to the proposed subcontractors (except if the proposed subcontractors have submitted identical certifications for specific time periods):

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE SUBCONTRACTORS OF REQUIREMENT FOR CERTIFICATIONS OF NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

A Certification of Nonsegregated Facilities must be submitted before the award of a subcontract under which the subcontractor will be subject to the "Equal Opportunity" clause. The certification may be submitted either for each subcontract or for all subcontracts during a period (i.e., quarterly, semiannually, or annually).

Note: The penalty for making false statements in offers is prescribed in 18 U.S.C. 1001.

3.6.2-6 Previous Contracts and Compliance Reports (April 1996)

The offeror represents that--(a) It [] has, [] has not, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject either to the "Equal Opportunity" clause of this solicitation, the clause originally contained in Section 310 of Executive Order No. 10925, or the clause contained in Section 201 of Executive Order No. 11114; (b) It [] has, [] has not, filed all required compliance reports; and (c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

(End of Provision)

3.13-4 Contractor Identification Number - Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number (April 2006)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause

"Contractor Identification Number," as used in this provision, means "Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number, which is a nine-digit number assigned by Dun and Bradstreet Information Services, to identify unique business entities (taken from CCR clause)

"Data Universal Numbering System +4 (DUNS+4) number" means the DUNS number assigned by D&B plus a 4-character suffix that may be assigned by a business concern. (D&B has no affiliation with this 4-character suffix.) This 4-character suffix may be assigned at the discretion of the business concern to establish additional CCR records for identifying alternative Electronic Funds Transfer.

(b) Contractor identification is essential for receiving payment and complying with statutory contract reporting requirements. Therefore, the offeror shall provide its DUNS or DUNS+4 number below. The DUNS number will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the offeror is registered in the CCR database.

DUNS OR	DUNS+4 NUMBER:	

- (c) If the offeror does not have a DUNS number, it should contact Dun and Bradstreet directly to obtain one.
- (1) An offeror may obtain a DUNS number
- (i) If located within the United States, by calling Dun and Bradstreet at 1-866-705-5711 or via the Internet at http://www.dnb.com/; or
 - (ii) If located outside the United States, by contacting the local Dun and Bradstreet office.
 - (2) The offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:
 - (i) Company legal business.
 - (ii) Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.
 - (iii) Company Physical Street Address, City, State, and ZIP Code.
 - (iv) Company Mailing Address, City, State and ZIP Code (if different from physical street address).
 - (v) Company Telephone Number.
 - (vi) Date the company was started.
 - (vii) Number of employees at your location.
 - (viii) Chief executive officer/key manager.
 - (ix) Line of business (industry).
 - (x) Company Headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).

PART IV - SECTION L INSTRUCTIONS, CONDITIONS, AND NOTICES TO OFFERORS

3.1-1 Clauses and Provisions Incorporated by reference (December 2005)

This screening information request (SIR) or contract, as applicable, incorporates by reference the provisions or clauses listed below with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make the full text available, or offerors and contractors may obtain the full text via Internet at: http://conwrite.faa.gov (on this web page, select "Search and View Clauses").

3.2.2.3-1	False Statements in Offers (July 2004)	
3.2.2.3-11	Unnecessarily Elaborate Submittals (July 2004)	
3.2.2.3-12	Amendments to Screening Information Requests (July 2004)	
3.2.2.3-16	Restricting, Disclosing and Using Data (July 2004)	
3.2.2.3-18	Prospective Offeror's Requests for Explanations (February 2009)	
3.2.2.3-19	Contract Award (July 2004)	

3.2.2.3-20 Electronic Offers (July 2004)

- (a) The offeror (you) may submit responses to this SIR by the following <u>electronic means</u>

 <u>Email or Fax</u> (offeror still has the right to submit a proposal by paper)

 Your offer must arrive at the place and by the time specified in the SIR.
- (b) Electronic offers must refer to this SIR and include, as applicable, the item or sub-items, quantities, unit prices, time and place of delivery, all representations and other information required and a statement specifying the extent of your agreement with all the FAA's (we) terms, conditions, and provisions..
- (c) We may decline to consider electronic offers that do not include required information, or that reject any of the terms, conditions and provisions of the SIR.
- (d) We reserve the right to make award solely on the electronic offer. However, if the CO requests, you must promptly submit the complete original (hard copy) signed proposal.
- (e) Send your offer electronically to Bertha.Russell@faa.gov, or fax 404-305-5774.
- (f) If you chose to send your offer electronically, we will not be responsible for any failure attributable to transmitting or receiving the offer.

(End of Provision)

3.2.2.3-13 Submission of Information/Documentation/Offers (July 2004)

- (a) The offeror (you) must submit information, documentation, and offers, including any modifications, in sealed envelopes or packages
 - (1) Addressed to the office specified in the SIR, and
 - (2) Showing the time specified for receipt, the SIR number, and your name and address.
- (b) The FAA will consider electronic offers, modifications or withdrawals only if the SIR authorizes them.
- (c) You must submit Item samples, if required. This SIR includes provision 3.2.2.3-4, "Samples."

3.2.2.3-63 Site Visit (Construction) (July 2004)

- (a) AMS clauses 3.2.2.3-42, Differing Site Conditions, and 3.2.2.3-43, Site Investigations and Conditions Affecting the Work, will be included in any contract awarded under this SIR. Accordingly, FAA urges and expects offerors to inspect the site where the work will be performed.
- (b). A mandatory site visit will be required. No proposals will be accepted from those offers who do not attend the scheduled site visit. Please send the name of your company and the individuals to attend the site visit to_the contact person listed below **No Later Than** August 12, 2009 by 12:00 p.m. (Eastern Standard Time)

Date: <u>August 18, 2009,</u>

Time: 9:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.

Contact:

Bertha Russell

Telephone: 404-305-5724 Email: bertha.russell@faa.gov

(End of provision)

3.2.4-1 Type of Contract (April 1996)

The FAA contemplates award of a **firm-fixed price** contract resulting from this Screening Information Request.

(End of Provision)

3.9.1-3 Protest (November 2002)

AS A CONDITION OF SUBMITTING AN OFFER OR RESPONSE TO THIS SIR (OR OTHER SOLICITATION, IF APPROPRIATE), THE OFFEROR OR POTENTIAL OFFEROR AGREES TO BE BOUND BY THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS RELATING TO PROTESTS:

- (a) Protests concerning Federal Aviation Administration Screening Information Requests (SIRs) or awards of contracts shall be resolved through the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) dispute resolution system at the Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition (ODRA) and shall be governed by the procedures set forth in 14 C.F.R. Parts 14 and 17, which are hereby incorporated by reference. Judicial review, where available, will be in accordance with 49 U.S.C. 46110 and shall apply only to final agency decisions. A protestor may seek review of a final FAA decision only after its administrative remedies have been exhausted.
- (b) Offerors initially should attempt to resolve any issues concerning potential protests with the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer should make reasonable efforts to answer questions promptly and completely, and, where possible, to resolve concerns or controversies. The protest time limitations, however, will not be extended by attempts to resolve a potential protest with the Contracting Officer.
- (c) The filing of a protest with the ODRA may be accomplished by mail, overnight delivery, hand delivery, or by facsimile. A protest is considered to be filed on the date it is received by the ODRA.

- (d) Only an interested party may file a protest. An interested party is one whose direct economic interest has been or would be affected by the award or failure to award an FAA contract. Proposed subcontractors are not "interested parties" within this definition.
- (e) A written protest must be filed with the ODRA within the times set forth below, or the protest shall be dismissed as untimely:
- (1) Protests based upon alleged improprieties in a solicitation or a SIR that are apparent prior to bid opening or the time set for receipt of initial proposals shall be filed prior to bid opening or the time set for the receipt of initial proposals.
- (2) In procurements where proposals are requested, alleged improprieties that do not exist in the initial solicitation, but which are subsequently incorporated into the solicitation, must be protested not later than the next closing time for receipt of proposals following the incorporation.
- (3) For protests other than those related to alleged solicitation improprieties, the protest must be filed on the later of the following two dates:
- (i) Not later than seven (7) business days after the date the protester knew or should have known of the grounds for the protest; or
- (ii) If the protester has requested a post-award debriefing from the FAA Product Team, not later than five (5) business days after the date on which the Product Team holds that debriefing.
 - (f) Protests shall be filed at:
 - Office of Dispute Resolution for Acquisition, AGC-70, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Ave., S.W., Room 323, Washington, DC 20591,

Telephone: (202) 267-3290, Facsimile: (202) 267-3720; or

- (2) other address as specified in 14 CFR Part 17.
- (g) At the same time as filing the protest with the ODRA, the protester shall serve a copy of the protest on the Contracting Officer and any other official designated in the SIR for receipt of protests by means reasonably calculated to be received by the Contracting Officer on the same day as it is to be received by the ODRA. The protest shall include a signed statement from the protester, certifying to the ODRA the manner of service, date, and time when a copy of the protest was served on the Contracting Officer and other designated official(s).
- (h) Additional information and guidance about the ODRA dispute resolution process for protests can be found on the ODRA Website at http://www.faa.gov.

SO-L-1 NORTH AMERICAN INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION STANDARDS (NAICS)

The NAICS code for this acquisition is 541330, Engineering Services, and the small business size standard is \$4.5 million average annual receipts over the past 3 fiscal years.

(End of Provision)

SO-L-2 REQUIRED DOCUMENTS

The contractor SHALL return the following completed documents as part of its offer:

- a) SF1442, Solicitation, Offer, and Award
- b) SF 36, Continuation Sheet, Schedule of Bid Items
- c) Section K, Representations, Certifications, & Other Statements of Offerors
- d) Business Declaration
- e) Past Experience

List all customers and facilities for which you had contracts to provide engineering and construction services for the last five years. Provide a summary for each such contract describing the project. Specifically identify projects of similar scope and complexity as that described in the Statement of Work in this solicitation. Provide current phone numbers of points of contact for each customer with whom you had engineering and construction projects for the last five years.

f) Past Performance Surveys

Arrange for <u>at least three</u> past customers to complete and submit directly to the Government customer surveys to be considered by the Government in evaluating your firm's past performance and customer satisfaction. To be considered in offer evaluations, completed customer surveys must be received by the Government no later than the closing date for submission of offers. See Attachment5.

g) Work in Progress

A list of all current work in progress, including project names, contract award amounts, and customer point of contact names and phone numbers.

h) Available Resources

A written summary of resources (including financial, personnel list, and equipment) your firm has available, and plans to commit, to service this contract, if awarded.

i) Technical Proposal

The technical proposal shall detail the applicable standards proposed for the DSR control room and DYSIM area. Proposal with narrative shall address each scope, conditions, and constraints as listed in the Statement of Work.

j) Financial Information

Submit copies of financial statements, Dun & Bradstreet repots, or other data you choose, sufficient to enable the Government to evaluate your firm's financial condition and responsibility.

SO-L-3 HANDCARRIED OFFERS

If a contractor plans to hand carry an offer to the designated receiving office, the Contracting Officer should be notified sufficiently in advance of the visit to allow time for the CO to notify security guards at the entrance to the facility. The contractor will need to furnish the names of the employees who will be visiting, and the expected date and time of arrival. Otherwise, entry may be delayed or prohibited.

(End of Provision)

SO-L-4 ESTIMATED PRICE RANGE

The estimated price range for this project is between \$50,000 - \$75,000.

PART IV - SECTION M EVALUATION FACTORS FOR AWARD

- (1) The Government will award a single contract resulting from this Screening Information Request (SIR) to the responsible offeror whose offer submitted in response to, and conforming with, this SIR is determined to represent the BEST VALUE TO THE GOVERNMENT considering price and other factors as listed below. Award shall not be based on price alone. The Government may be willing to pay a higher price for a higher-rated contractor.
- (2) The Government may:
 - (a) reject any or all offers if such action is in the public interest;
 - (b) accept other than the lowest offer;
 - (c) waive informalities and minor irregularities in offers received;
 - (d) make award without written or oral discussion with offerors.
 - (e) have discussions with any one offeror, all offerors, or without any discussion.
- (3) In addition to price, award will be based on best value to FAA considering the following factors:
 - (a) Past Experience. The contractor shall demonstrate past experience in performing similar work. This includes, but is not limited to installation of guard houses, security fences, installation of cables, electrical work and masonry work. Prior past performance and experience working in FAA facilities will be given added consideration. Also, if your firm does not demonstrate that it has acceptable past experience, then the FAA reserves the right to discontinue further evaluation of the other criteria for that particular firm.
 - (b) Ability to Meet the Contract Requirements in Terms of Other Commitments and Availability of Resources and Equipment to Perform the Work. The FAA will consider the contractor's ability to handle the projects based on existing contract work, and availability of personnel and equipment to perform the work.
 - (c) Past Performance, Business Practices and Customer Satisfaction. This factor includes, but is not limited to, maintenance of good customer relations and motivation to perform well, ability to work effectively with owner, cooperation in solving price increases or proposing credits, timeliness of payments to subcontractors, and promptness, completeness, and accuracy of written submissions. The government may consider any other verifiable outside information known or learned about the offeror, such as another office's experience with the offeror, or personal knowledge of the offeror's prior performance.
 - (d) Technical Proposal. The technical proposal shall detail the applicable standards proposed for the scope of work outlined in the Statement of Work.
 - (e) Financial Condition. Submit copies of financial statements, Dun & Bradstreet reports, or other data you choose, sufficient to enable the Government to evaluate your firm's financial condition and responsibility. Submit bond capacity for an individual project and total aggregate bond capacity.
- (4) This requirement is offered to all qualified, responsive concerns and offers will be considered using a tiered order of precedence. Each tier will be evaluated using the procedure outlined below. A determination of insufficient competition or unreasonable price will be made before the next tier is evaluated.

First Tier. It is the intent of the FAA to award a contract on a competitive basis to an eligible 8(a) business concern, provided that adequate competition is received and award can be made at a fair market price.

Second Tier. If circumstances do not permit an 8(a) award, the responsive offeror(s) from the first tier will be included in the evaluation of the second tier. The Government intends to award a contract on a competitive basis to an eligible service-disabled veteran owned small business, provided that adequate competition is received and award can be made at a fair market price.

Third Tier. If circumstances do not permit a service-disabled veteran owned small business award, the responsive offeror(s) from the first and second tier will be included in the evaluation of the third tier. The Government intends to award a contract on a competitive basis to an eligible small business concern, provided that adequate competition is received and award can be made at a fair market price.

Last Tier. If circumstances do not permit an award in the third tier, the FAA intends to award a contract on the basis of full and open competition from **among all responsible**, **responsive offers** received providing award can be made at a fair market price.

Adequate competition is defined as at least two (2) competitive offers received from qualified, responsible business concerns at the tier under evaluation.

Any offer found to be "unacceptable" in any evaluated area, criteria, or sub-element thereof, shall render the entire proposal to be unacceptable and therefore rejected from further consideration.